

For Practice
MLA WORKSHEET



WRITING CENTER

LEAD INFORMATION:

Author.

Title of Source.

CONTAINER 1:

Title of container,

Other contributors,

Version,

Number,

Publisher,

Publication date,

Location.

CONTAINER 2:

Title of container,

Other contributors,

Version,

Number,

Publisher,

Publication date,

Location.

Date of Access.

THE FINAL WORKS CITED ENTRY:

Sample MLA Citation for a
**JOURNAL ARTICLE FROM A
DATABASE**



WRITING CENTER

LEAD INFORMATION:

Author. Shanley, Mary Lyndon.
Title of Source. “Collaboration and Commodification in Assisted Procreation: Reflections on an Open Market and Anonymous Donation.”

CONTAINER 1:

Title of container, *Law and Society Review,*
Other contributors,
Version,
Number, vol. 36, no. 2,
Publisher,
Publication date, 2002,
Location. pp. 257-84.

CONTAINER 2:

Title of container, *JSTOR,*
Location. www.jstor.org/stable/1512177/
Date of Access. 12 May 2016.

CITATION NOTES:

Journal articles pulled from databases are where you can see the value in “Container 2.” If the article itself is the lead text and the journal serves as Container 1, it then makes sense that the *database* containing that specific journal serves as a second Container. This is the fundamental logic of MLA 8th Edition. Truly, it’s not really about “looking up the equation” for the type of source you’re trying to cite. It’s about pulling and recording relevant information for each *container* level of each source. If there’s only one container, that’s all you need to worry about. If there’s two, then you deal with both. If (somehow) there are three, then you repeat the cycle a third time.

THE FINAL WORKS CITED ENTRY:

Shanley, Mary Lyndon. “Collaboration and Commodification in Assisted Procreation: Reflections on an Open Market and Anonymous Donation.” *Law and Society Review*, vol. 36, no. 2, 2002, pp. 257-84. *JSTOR*, www.jstor.org/stable/1512177/. Accessed 12 May 2016.